

TITLE 6

Health and Sanitation

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CHAPTER 1

Health and Sanitation

- 6-1-1 Deposit of Deleterious Substances Prohibited
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SEC. 6-1-1 DEPOSIT OF DELITERIOUS SUBSTANCE PROHIBITED.

No person shall deposit or cause to be deposited in any public street or on any public ground or on any private property not his own any refuse, garbage, litter, waste material or liquid or any other objectionable material or liquid. When any such material is placed on the person's own private property, it shall be properly enclosed and covered so as to prevent the same from becoming a public nuisance.

SEC. 6-1-2 DESTRUCTION OF NOXIOUS WEEDS.

- (a) The Town Clerk shall annually on or before May 15th publish as required by state law a notice that every person is required by law to destroy all noxious weeds on lands in the Town which he owns, occupies or controls. A joint notice with other towns or municipalities may be utilized.
- (b) If the owner or occupant shall neglect to destroy any weeds as required by such notice, then the Weed Commissioner of the Town shall give five (5) days written notice by mail to the owner or occupant of any lands upon which the weeds shall be growing to the effect that the said Weed Commissioner after the expiration of the five (5) day period will proceed to destroy or cause to be destroyed all such weeds growing upon said lands and that the cost thereof will be assessed as a tax upon the lands upon which such

weeds are located under the provisions of Sec. 66.96 of the Wisconsin Statutes. In case the owner or the Weed Commissioner shall destroy such weeds or cause them to be destroyed in the manner deemed to be the most economical method and the expense thereof, including the cost of billing and other necessary administrative expenses, shall be charged against such lots and be collected as a special tax thereon.

- (c) As provided for in Sec. 66.96(2), Wis. Stats., the Town shall require that all noxious weeds shall be destroyed prior to the time in which such plants would mature to the bloom or flower state. The growth of noxious weeds in excess of eight (8) inches in height from the ground surface shall be prohibited within the Town corporate limits. Noxious weeds shall include any weed, grass or similar plant growth which, if allowed to pollinate, would cause or produce hayfever in human beings or would cause a skin rash through contact with the skin. Noxious weeds, as defined in this Section and in Section 6-1-4, shall include but not limited to the following:

Cirsium Arvense (Canada Thistle)
Ambrosia artemisiifolia (Common Ragweed)
Ambrosia trifida (Great Ragweed)
Euphorbia esula (Leafy Spurge)
Convolvulus arvensis (Creeping Jenny)(Filed Bind Weed)
Tragopogon dubius (Goat's Beard)
Rhus radicans (Poison Ivy)
Cirsium vulgaries (Bull Thistle)
Pastinaca sativa (Wild Parsnip)
Arctium minus (Burdock)
Xanthium strumarium (Cocklebur)
Amaranthus retroflexus (Pigweed)
Chenopodium album (Common Lambsquarter)
Rumex Crispus (Curled Dock)
Cannabis sativa (Hemp)
Plantago lanceolata (English Plantain)

Noxious grasses, as defined in this Section and in Section 6-1-4, shall include but not be limited to the following:

Agrostia alba (Redtop)
Dactylis glomerata (Orchard)
Phleum pratensis Timothy
Poa pratensis (Kentucky Blue)

Sorghum halepense (Johnson)
Setaria (Foxtail)

Noxious weeds are also the following plants and other rank growth:

Ragweed
Thistles
Smartweed
Dandelions (over 10 inches in height)
Milkweed (over 10 inches in height)
State Law Reference: Sec. 66.96, Wis. Stats.

SEC. 6-1-3 REGULATION OF NATURAL LAWNS.

- (a) **Natural Lawns Defined.** Natural lawn as used in this Section shall include common species of grass and wild flowers native to North America which are designed and purposely cultivated to exceed twelve (12) inches in height from the ground on residential or commercially zoned property. Specifically excluded in natural lawns are the noxious grasses and weeds identified in Section 6-1-2 of this Chapter. The growth of a natural lawn in excess of twelve (12) inches in height from the ground surface shall be prohibited within the Town corporate limits unless a Natural Lawn Management Plan is approved and a permit is issued by the Town as set forth in this Section. Natural lawn shall not contain litter or debris and shall not harbor undesirable wildlife.
- (b) **Natural Management Plan Defined.**
- (1) Natural Lawn Management Plan as used in this Section shall mean a written plan relating to the management and maintenance of a lawn which contains a legal description of lawn upon which the planted grass will exceed eight (8) inches in length, a statement of intent and purpose for the lawn, a detailed description of the vegetational types, plants and plant succession involved, and the specific management and maintenance techniques to be employed.
 - (2) Property owners who wish to plant and cultivate a natural lawn must submit their written plan and related information on the form provided by the Town. "Property Owner" shall be defined to include the legal title holder and/or the beneficial owner of any such lot according to most current Town records. Natural Lawn Management Plans shall only indicate the planting and cultivating of natural lawns on property legally owned by the property owner. Applicants are strictly prohibited from developing a natural lawn on any Town owned property including street rights-of-way. This shall include at a minimum property located between the sidewalk and

the street or a strip not less than ten (10) feet adjacent to the street where there is no sidewalk whether the area is under public or private ownership. In addition, natural lawns shall not be permitted within ten (10) feet of the abutting property unless waived in writing by the abutting property owner on the side so affected. Such waiver is to be affixed to the Lawn Management Plan.

- (3) Any subsequent property owner who abuts an approved natural lawn may revoke the waiver thereby requiring the owner of the natural lawn to remove the natural lawn that is located in the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner. Such revocation shall be put in writing and presented to the Town Clerk by the subsequent abutting property owner. Upon receiving the written request to revoke the original waiver, the Town Board shall contact the owner of the approved natural lawn and direct the owner to remove the natural lawn located in the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner. The Town Board shall revise the approved Natural Lawn Management Permit accordingly. The owner of the approved natural lawn shall be required to remove the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner within twenty (20) days of receipt of the written notification from the Town provided the notification is received onetime between May 1 and November 1. Property owners who receive notification from the Town between November 1 and April 30 shall be required to remove the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner no later than May 20 following receipt of the notification.

(c) Application Process.

- (1) Property owners interested in applying for permission to establish a natural lawn shall obtain and complete an application form available from the Town Clerk. The completed application shall include a Natural Lawn Management Plan. Upon submitting a completed application, a Twenty-five Dollar (\$25.00) non-refundable filing fee will be assessed by the Town. Upon receiving payment, copies of the completed application shall be mailed by the Town to each of the owners of record, as listed in the Office of the Town Assessor, who are owners of the property situated wholly or in part within three hundred (300) feet of the boundaries of the properties for which the application is made. If within fifteen (15) calendar days of mailing the copies of the complete application to the neighboring property owners the Town receives written objections from fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the neighboring property owners, the Town Clerk shall immediately deny the application. Neighboring property owners shall be defined as all those property owners who are located within three hundred (300) feet of the proposed natural lawn site.
- (2) If the property owner's application is in full compliance with the Natural Lawn Management Plan requirements and less than fifty-one (51%) of the neighboring

property owners provide written objections, the Town Administrator shall issue permission to install a natural lawn.

(d) **Application for Appeal.** The property owner may appeal the Town Clerk's decision to deny the natural lawn permit request to the Town Board at an open meeting. All application for appeal shall be submitted within fifteen (15) calendar days of the notice of denial of the Natural Lawn Management Plan. The decision rendered by the Town Board shall be final and binding.

(e) **Safety Precautions for Natural Grass Areas.**

(1) When, in the opinion of the Fire Chief, the presence of a natural lawn may constitute a fire or safety hazard due to weather and/or other conditions, the Fire Chief may order the cutting of natural lawn to a safe condition. As a condition of receiving approval of the natural lawn permit, the property owner shall be required to cut the natural lawn within the three (3) days upon receiving written direction from the Fire Chief.

(2) Natural lawns shall not be removed through the process of burning unless stated and approved as one of the management and maintenance techniques in the Lawn Management Plan. The Fire Chief shall review all requests to burn natural lawn and shall determine if circumstances are correct and all applicable requirements have been fulfilled to insure public safety. Burning of natural lawns shall be strictly prohibited unless a written permit to burn is issued by the Fire Chief. The Fire Chief shall establish a written list of requirements for considering each request to burn natural lawns, thereby insuring the public safety. In addition, the property owner requesting permission to burn the natural lawn shall produce evidence of property damage and liability insurance indentifying the Town as a party insured. A minimum amount of acceptable insurance shall be Three Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$300,000.00).

(f) **Revocation of an Approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit.** The Town Chairperson, upon the recommendation of the Weed Commissioner, shall have the authority to revoke an approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit if the owner fails to maintain the natural lawn or comply with the provisions set forth in this Section. Notice of intent to revoke an approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit shall be appealable to the Town Board. All applications for appeal shall be submitted within fifteen (15) calendar days of receipt of the written Notice of Intent to revoke the approved Natural Lawn Management Plan. Failure to file an Application for Appeal within the fifteen (15) calendar days shall result in the revoking of the Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit. All written application for appeal filed with the fifteen (15) calendar day requirement shall be reviewed by the Town Board in an open meeting. The decision rendered by the Town Board shall be final and binding.

(g) Public Nuisance Defined – Abatement After Notice.

- (1) The growth of a natural lawn as defined in this Section shall be considered a public nuisance unless a Natural Lawn Management Plan has been filed and approved and a permit is issued by the Town as set forth in this Section. Violators shall be served with a notice of public nuisance by certified mail to the last-known address of the property owner.
- (2) If the person so served with a notice of public nuisance violation does not abate the nuisance within ten (10) days, the Enforcement Officer may proceed to abate such nuisance, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement, and such expense shall be charged to and paid by such property owner. Notice of the bill for abatement of the public nuisance shall be mailed to the owner of the premises and shall be payable within ten (10) calendar days from receipt thereof. Within sixty (60) days after such costs and expenses are incurred and remain unpaid, the Town Clerk shall enter those charges onto the tax roll as a special tax as provided by State Statute.
- (3) The failure of the Town Clerk to record such claim or to mail such notice or the failure of the owner to receive such notice shall not affect the right to place the Town expense on the tax rolls for unpaid bills for abating the public nuisance as provided for in this Section.

(h) Penalty.

- (1) Any person, firm or corporation which does not abate the nuisance within the required time period or who otherwise violates the provisions of this Section shall be subject to the general penalty found in Section 1-1-6.
- (2) In addition to any penalties herein provided, the Town may issue stop work orders upon owners of lots where work is unfinished under a previously issued building permit for any violation of this Section.

SEC. 6-1-4 REGULATION OF LENGTH OF LAWN AND GRASSES.

- (a) **Purpose.** This Section is adopted due to the unique nature of the problems associated with lawns, grasses and noxious weeds being allowed to grow to excessive length on residential or commercially zoned parcels in the Town.
- (b) **Public Nuisance Declared.** The Town Board finds that lawns, grasses and noxious weeds on lots or parcels of land which exceed twelve (12) inches in length adversely affect the public health and safety of the public in that they tend to emit pollen and other discomforting bits of plants, constitute a fire hazard and a safety hazard in that debris can be hidden in the grass, interferes with the convenience and adversely affects property values of other land within the Town. For that reason, any lawn, grass or weed on a lot or other parcel of land which exceeds twelve (12) inches in length is hereby

declared to be a public nuisance, except for property located in a designated floodplain area and/or wetland area or where the lawn, grass or weed is part of a natural lawn approved pursuant to Section 6-1-3 above.

- (c) **Nuisances Prohibited.** No person, firm or corporation shall permit any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above to remain on any premises owned or controlled by him within the Town.
- (d) **Inspection.** The Weed Commissioner or his designee shall inspect or cause to be inspected all premises and places within the Town to determine whether any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above exists.
- (e) **Abatement of Nuisance.**
 - (1) If the Weed Commissioner shall determine with reasonable certainty that any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above exists, he shall immediately cause written notice to be served that the Town proposes to have the lot grass or lawn cut so as to conform with this Section and Section 6-1-2.
 - (2) The notice shall be served at least five (5) days prior to the date of the hearing and shall be mailed or served on the owner of the lot or parcel of land or, if he is not known and there is a tenant occupying the property, then to the tenant, of the time and place at which the hearing will be held.
- (f) **Due Process Hearing.** If the owner believes that his grasses or weeds are not a nuisance, he may request a hearing before the Town Board. The request for said hearing must be made in writing to the Town Clerk's office within the five (5) days set forth in the Weed Commissioner's notice. Upon application for the hearing, the property owner must deposit a \$25.00 bond. If a decision is rendered in the property owner's favor, the \$25.00 will be returned to the property owner. If the property owner fails to appear for the hearing or if the decision is rendered against the property owner, the deposit shall be forfeited and applied to the cost of Town personnel abating the nuisance, if necessary. When a hearing is requested by the owner of the property, a hearing by the Town Board shall be held within seven days from the date of the owner's request. The property in question will not be mowed by the Town until such time as the hearing is held by the Board. At the hearing, the owner may appear in person or by his attorney, may present witnesses in his own behalf and by cross-examine witnesses presented by the Town as well as subpoena witnesses for his own case. At the close of the hearing, the Town Board shall make its determination in writing specifying its findings, facts, and conclusions. If the Town Board determines that a public nuisance did exist, the Board shall order the Weed commissioner to mow the property in question unless the property has been mowed by the owner within forty-eight (48) hours of the Town Board's decision. If the owner does not abate the nuisance within

the described 48 hours, the Weed Commissioner shall cause the same nuisance to be abated and cost in excess of the forfeited fee assessed accordingly.

(g) **Town's Option to Abate Nuisance.** In any case where the owner, occupant or person in charge of property shall fail to cut his lawn, grass or weeds as set forth above, then and in that event, the Town may elect to cut said lawn, grass or weeds as follows:

- (1) The written notice required in Subsection (e) shall inform said person that in the event of his failure to abate the nuisance within the prescribed time, the Town shall abate the same and the cost thereof shall be assessed to the property owner as a special charge.
- (2) The Town shall cut or cause to be cut all grass and weeds from the subject's property and shall charge the expenses of so doing at a rate as established by resolution by the Town Board. The charges shall be set forth in a statement to the Town Clerk who, in turn, shall mail the same to the owner, occupant or person in charge of the subject premises. If said statement is not paid in full within thirty days thereafter, the Town Clerk shall enter the charges in the tax roll as a special tax against said lot or parcel of land, and the same shall be collected in all respects like other taxes upon real estate, or as provided under Sec. 66.615(3)(f), Wisconsin Statutes.

SEC. 6-1-5 REGULATION OF SMOKING.

(a) **Definitions.** In this Section:

- (1) "Educational facility" means any building used principally for educational purposes in which a school is located or a course of instruction or training program is offered that has been approved or licensed by a state agency or board.
- (2) "Inpatient health care facility" has the meaning provided under Sec. 140.86(1), Wis. Stats., except that it does include community-based residential facilities as defined under Sec. 50.01(1), Wis. Stats.
- (3) "Office" means any area that serves as a place of work at which the principal activities consist of professional, clerical or administrative services.
- (4) "Person in charge" means the person who ultimately controls, governs or directs the activities aboard a public conveyance or within a place where smoking is regulated under this Section, regardless of the person's status as owner or lessee.
- (5) "Public conveyance" means mass transit vehicles as defined by Sec. 340.01(28q), Wis. Stats., and school buses as defined by Sec. 340.01(56), Wis. Stats.
- (6) "Restaurant" means an establishment defined in Sec. 50.50(3), Wis. Stats., with a seating capacity of more than fifty (50) persons.

(7) "Retail establishment" means any store or shop in which retail sales is the principal business conducted, except a tavern operating under a "Class B" intoxicating liquor license or Class "B" fermented malt beverage license, and except bowling alleys.

(8) "Smoking" means carrying a lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe or any other lighted smoking equipment.

(b) Regulation of Smoking.

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (c), no person may smoke in the following places:

- a. Public conveyances.
- b. Educational facilities.
- c. Inpatient health care facilities.
- d. Indoor movie theaters.
- e. Offices.
- f. Passenger elevators.
- g. Restaurants.
- h. Retail establishments
- i. Public waiting rooms.
- j. Any enclosed, indoor area of a state, county, city, village or town building.

(2) The prohibition in Subsection (b)(1) above applies only to enclosed, indoor areas.

(c) Exceptions. The regulation of smoking in Subsection (b) does not apply to the following places:

- (1) Areas designated smoking areas under Subsection (d).
- (2) Offices occupied exclusively by smokers.
- (3) Entire rooms or halls used for private functions, if the arrangements for the function are under the control of the sponsor of the function.
- (4) Restaurants holding a "Class B" intoxicating liquor or Class "B" fermented malt beverage license if the sale of intoxicating liquors or fermented malt beverages or both accounts for more than fifty percent (50%) of the restaurant's receipts.
- (5) Offices that are privately owned and occupied.
- (6) Any area of a facility used principally to manufacture or assemble goods, products or merchandise for sale.
- (7) Prisons, secured correctional facilities, secure detention facilities, jails and lockup facilities.

(d) Designation of Smoking Areas.

(1) A person in charge or his or her agent may designate smoking areas in the places where smoking is regulated under Subsection (b) unless a fire marshal, law, ordinance or resolution prohibits smoking. Entire rooms and buildings may be designated smoking areas.

- (2) If an entire room is designated a smoking area, the person in charge or his or her agent shall post notice of the designation conspicuously on or near all entrances to the room normally used by the public. If an entire building is designated a smoking area, notice of the designation shall be posted on or near all entrances to the building normally used by the public, but posting notice of the designation on or near entrances to rooms within the building is not required.
 - (3) The person in charge or his or her agent shall utilize, if possible, existing physical barriers and ventilation systems when designating smoking areas. This paragraph requires no new construction of physical barriers or ventilation systems in any building.
 - (4) This Section requires the posting of signs only in areas where smoking is permitted.
- (e) **Responsibilities.** The person in charge of his or her agent shall:
- (1) Post signs identifying designated smoking areas: and
 - (2) Arrange seating to accommodate non-smoking areas are adjacent to non-smoking areas.
- (f) **Penalties.**
- (1) On and after April 1, 1985, any person in charge or his or her agent who willfully fails to comply with Subsection (e) shall forfeit not more than Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00).
 - (2) Sections 101.02(13)(a) and 939.61(1), Wis. Stats., do not apply to this Section.
 - (3) A violation of this Section does not constitute negligence as a matter of law.
- (g) **Injunction.** After July 1, 1895, state or local officials or any affected party may institute an action in any court with jurisdiction to enjoin repeated violations of this Section.
- State Law Reference: Sec. 101.123, Wis. Stats.

CHAPTER 2

Pollution Abatement

- 6-2-1 Cleanup of Spilled or Accidentally Discharged Wastes
- 6-2-2 Storage of Polluting Substances

SEC. 6-2-1 CLEANUP OF SPILLED OR ACCIDENTALLY DISCHARGED WASTES.

- (a) **Cleanup Required.** All persons, firms or corporations delivering, hauling, disposing, storing, discharging or otherwise handling potentially polluting substances, solid or liquid, such as, but not limited to, the following: fuel oil, gasoline, solvents, industrial liquids or fluids, milk, grease trap and septic tank wastes, sewage sludge, sanitary sewer wastes, storm sewer catch-basin wastes, oil or petroleum wastes, shall immediately clean up any such spilled material to prevent its becoming a hazard to health or safety or directly or indirectly causing pollution to the lakes or streams under the jurisdiction of the town.
- (b) **Notification.** Spills or accidental release of hazardous materials or pollutants at a site or of a quantity or nature that cannot adequately be cleaned up by the responsible party or parties shall be immediately reported to the Town Clerk so that assistance can be given by the proper agency.
- (c) **Financial Liability.** The party or parties responsible for the release, escape or discharge of wastes shall be held financially liable for the cost of any cleanup or attempted cleanup deemed necessary or desirable and undertaken by the Town, or its designated agent, in an effort to minimize the pollutional effects of the discharged waste.

SEC. 6-2-2 STORAGE OF POLLUTING SUBSTANCES.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to store any potentially polluting substances unless such substances are stored in such manner as to securely prevent them from escaping onto the ground surface and/or into any street, sewer, ditch or drainageway, lake or stream within the jurisdiction of the Town.

CHAPTER 3

Refuse Disposal

- 6-3-1 Prohibited Activities and Disposable Materials
- 6-3-2 Garbage Accumulation; When a Nuisance
- 6-3-3 Refuse from Outside the Town

SEC. 6-3-1 PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES AND DISPOABLE MATERIALS.

- (a) **Dead Animals.** It shall be unlawful to place any dead animal, or parts thereof, in the Town land fill for disposal provided, however, this Section shall not apply to animal parts from food preparation for human consumption.
- (b) **Ashes.** It shall be unlawful to deposit hot ashes in the landfill.
- (c) **Compliance with Chapter.** It shall be unlawful to store, collect, transport, transfer recover, incinerate or dispose of any solid waste within the boundaries of the Town contrary to the provisions of this Chapter.
- (d) **Improper Transportation.** It shall be unlawful to transport any refuse or solid waste in any vehicle which permits the contents to blow, sift, leak, or fall therefrom. If spillage does occur, the driver shall immediately return spilled materials to the vehicle and shall properly clean, or have cleaned, the area.
- (e) **Scavenging.** It shall be unlawful for any person to scavenge any solid waste placed for disposal.
- (f) **Non-Collectible Materials.** It shall be unlawful for any person to place for disposal in the Town landfill any of the following wastes:
 - (1) Hazardous waste;
 - (2) Toxic waste;
 - (3) Chemicals;
 - (4) Explosives or ammunition;
 - (5) Large quantities of paint;
 - (6) Stumps {must be less than six (6) inches in diameter};
 - (7) Dead animals;
 - (8) Auto and truck bodies; large machinery.
- (g) **Animal or Human Wastes.** It shall be unlawful for any person to place animal wastes and/or human wastes in the Town landfill.
- (h) **Disposal Area.** Refuse may only be deposited in areas designated for disposal or where instructed to deposit refuse.
- (i) **Refuse Containers.** Household refuse deposited at the Town landfill shall be placed in containers or disposal bags to minimize blowing.

SEC. 6-3-2 GARBAGE ACCUMULATION; WHEN NUISANCE.

The accumulation or deposit of garbage, trash or putrescible animal or vegetable matter in or upon any lot or land or any public or private place within the Town which causes the air or environment to become noxious or offensive or to be in such a condition as to promote the breeding of flies, mosquitoes or other insects, or to provide a habitat or breeding place for rodents or other animals, or which otherwise becomes injurious to the public health is prohibited and declared to constitute a nuisance.

SEC. 6-3-3 REFUSE FROM OUTSIDE THE TOWN.

It is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to place, deposit or cause to be deposited in the Town landfill any waste or refuse not generated within the corporate limits of the Town.